

GRAMPIAN REGIONAL COUNCIL - DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

SUMMARY SHEET

Sheet No. 1. of 13 Sheets

Project: ROUTE ACTION - BRIDGE ASSESSMENTS Calculations by:

Element of Project: C2E/20 CLODDICH BRIDGE. Checked by:

Job No.: Y6055 Date:

6.2.96

Design Requirements:

To assess bridge to DMRB Vol 3a, section 4,
part 3 BD 21/93.

Computer Programs Used:

NONE.

Relevant Design Manuals, Reports, Method of Measurements:

DMRB Vol 3a, section 4
BS 5400 : Part 3 : 1982 including amendment n°2
40 tone assessment loading. - failed
passed 7 1/2 tone assessment loading. + g/p 1 FE.

Documents Referred to:

as above.

Department of Roads

DESIGN SHEET

Scheme CLADDACH BRIDGE	Designed By [REDACTED]	Checked By		Date 1.2.96	Sheet No. 2 of 13 sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Structure ASSESSMENT					

SUMMARY

The calculations showed that the bridge was suitable for 7.5 tonne HA loading, however the accidental wheel load check for the equivalent loading failed. Due to the proximity of the edge of the carriageway to the 1st internal beam it was thought the accidental wheel loading check was over extreme, therefore the 7.5 tonne and group 1 FE assessment was considered adequate.

Department of Roads

DESIGN SHEET

Scheme <u>CLADDACH (NS 202 584)</u>	Designed By [REDACTED]	Checked By		Date 1.2.96	Sheet No. 3 of 13 sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Structure <u>BRIDGE ASSESSMENT</u>					

DESCRIPTION:

Claddach bridge is a 3 span, simply supported, beam and jock arch structure. There are 7 beams at a distance of 700mm c/c, with condition factors of 0.8 for 2 outside beams on each arch and 0.9 for the 3 central beams. The jock arch has dimensions of 500 wide (say) and 135mm rise, from the external face of the bottom beam flange.

Carriageway width is 3.9m with a minimum clear width of 4.17m. Span dimensions are indicated over.

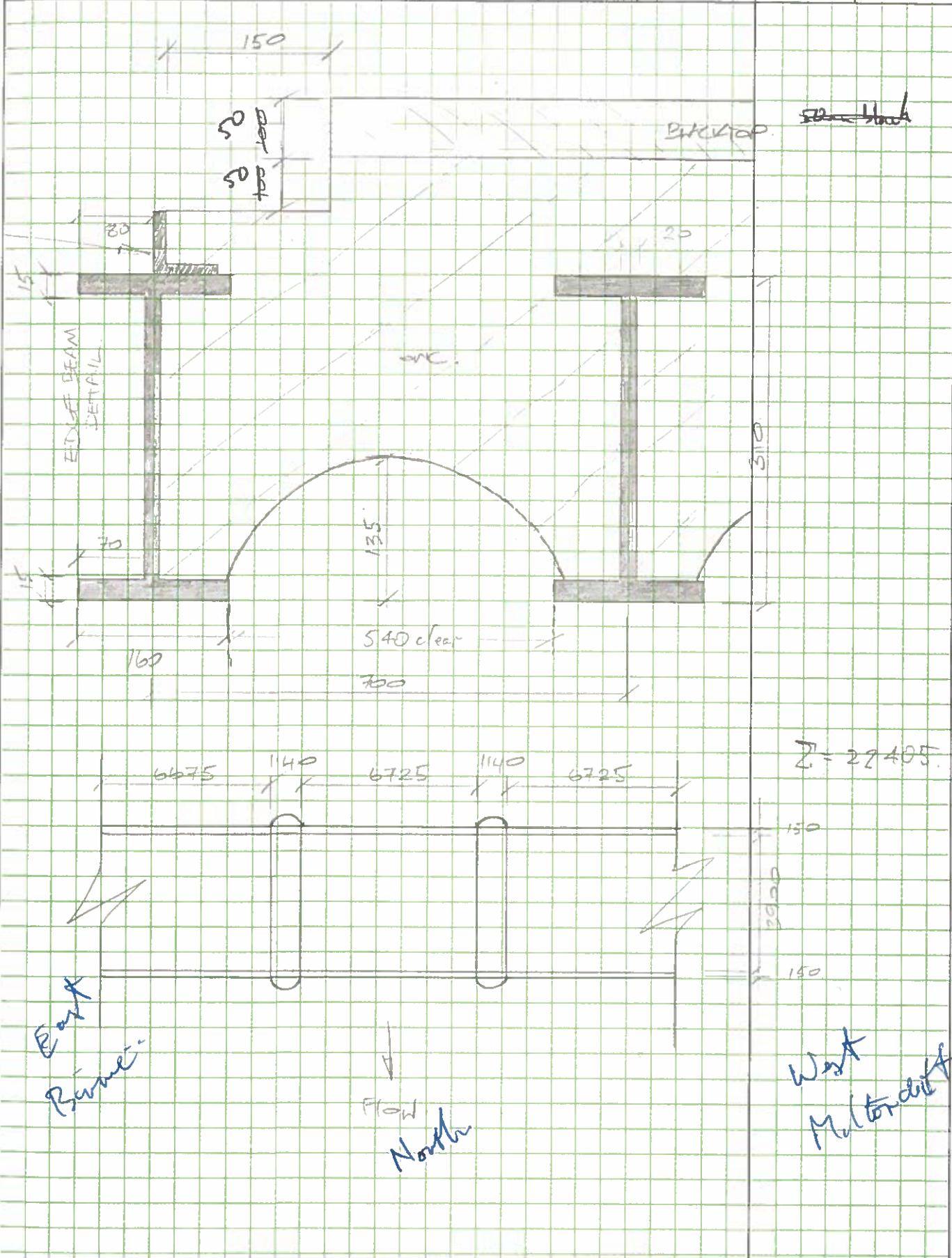
GRAMPIAN REGIONAL COUNCIL

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

CALCULATION SHEET

Project	Calculations By	Checked By		Date	Sheet No. 4. of 13. Sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Element				1.2.96	

60x60x10 ANGLE



GRAMPIAN REGIONAL COUNCIL

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

CALCULATION SHEET

Project CLODACH (NS 202 584)	Calculations By [Redacted]	Checked By		Date 1.2.96	Sheet No. 5. of 13. Sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Element ASSESSMENT.					

INTERNAL MEMBER CHECK

NOMINAL DEAN LOAD

3.7
TABLE 4/1.

SURFACING - 50mm blacktop + 50mm concrete

$$UDL = [(0.05 \times 24) + (0.05 \times 23)] \times 0.7$$

$$= 2.35 \text{ kN/m/beam} \quad 1.65$$

CONCRETE - Area = $(0.355 \times 0.7) - \frac{1}{2}(\pi \times 0.135^2) - (0.02 \times 0.28) - (0.16 \times 0.015)$

$$= \frac{(3h^2 + 4ch)/6c}{(3 \times 12^2 + 4 \times 510 \times 110)} \times 54$$

10
00
70
15
255

$$= 0.249 - 0.029 - 0.006 - 0.002$$

$$= 0.212 \text{ m}^2$$

$$= 0.048 \text{ m}^2$$

$$: \text{Area} \approx 0.20 \text{ m}^2$$

$$UDL = (0.212 \times 23)$$

$$= 4.89 \text{ kN/m/beam}$$

4.6 kN/m

BEAM - Area = $2(0.16 \times 0.015) + (0.28 \times 0.02)$

$$= 0.0104 \text{ m}^2$$

$$UDL = 0.0104 \times 78.5 = 0.82 \text{ kN/m/beam}$$

ASSESSMENT DEAD LOAD

$$[(0.84 \times 1.75) + (0.81 \times 1.2)] \times 1.1 = 2.68 \text{ kN/m/beam}$$

SURFACING: $UDL = 2.35 \times 1.1 \times 1.75 = 4.52 \text{ kN/m/beam}$

4.6 5.82

CONCRETE: $UDL = 4.89 \times 1.1 \times 1.5 = 6.19 \text{ kN/m/beam}$

STEEL BEAM: $UDL = 0.82 \times 1.1 \times 1.05 = 0.95 \text{ kN/m/beam}$

TOTAL UDL = $4.52 + 6.19 + 0.95 = 11.66 \text{ kN/m/beam}$

2.68 5.82 9.45

GRAMPIAN REGIONAL COUNCIL

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

CALCULATION SHEET

Project CLODDACH (NS202 584)	Calculations By [REDACTED]	Checked By		Date 1.2.96	Sheet No. 6 of 13 Sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Element ASSESSMENT					

NOMINAL LIVE LOADS

carriageway width = 3.9m on 1 national lane Table 5/1

national lane width = ~~3.65m~~ 2.5m

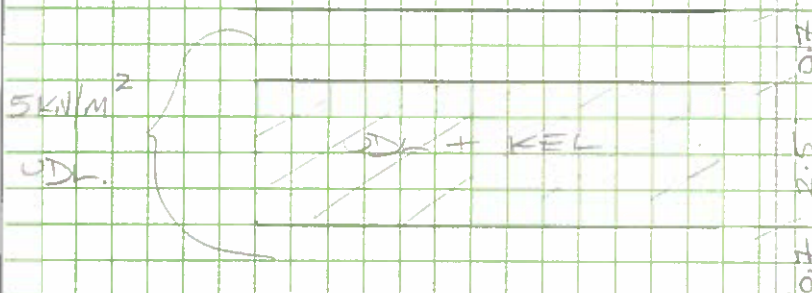
lane factor $\beta = 0.274 L_n \times 1.0$ Table 5/2

$$L_n = 3.65$$

$$= 0.274 \times \cancel{3.65} \times 2.5$$

$$= 1.0 \quad 0.685$$

CARRIAGEWAY LOADING



5.8

effective span.

6.5

$$L_e = 6.725 + 2 \left(\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{3.10}{4} \right)$$

$$= 6.777m$$

HA LOADING

5.21

$$W = 336 \left(\frac{1}{6.777} \right)^{0.67} \times \beta = 93.23 \text{ kN/m} \quad \frac{2.5m}{lane}$$

$$UDL = \frac{0.7}{2.65} \times 93.23 = \frac{26.10}{2.5} = 10.44 \text{ kN/m/beam}$$

slab

$$KEL = \frac{0.7}{2.65} \times 120 = \frac{33.6}{2.5} = 13.44 \text{ kN/beam}$$

slab

GRAMPIAN REGIONAL COUNCIL

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

CALCULATION SHEET

Project CLODDACH (NS202 584)	Calculations By [REDACTED]	Checked By		Date 1.2.96	Sheet No. 7. of 13. Sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Element ASSESSMENT.					

ASSESSMENT LIVE LOADS.

$$\gamma_{LK} = 1.5 ; \gamma_{L3} = 1.1$$

HA LOADINGS

$$UDL = \frac{26.10}{17.88} \times 1.1 \times 1.5 = 29.5 \text{ kN/m / beam}$$

$$KEL = \frac{37.60}{23.01} \times 1.1 \times 1.5 = 37.97 \text{ kN / beam}$$

ASSESSMENT DEAD LOAD MOMENT

$$M_{DL} = \frac{W L_e^2}{8} = \frac{(4.52 + 6.19 + 0.95) \times 6.78^2}{8}$$

$$= 67.0 \text{ kNm / beam}$$

$$54.25 \text{ kNm / beam}$$

ASSESSMENT LIVE LOAD MOMENT

$$M_{LL} = \frac{W_{UDL} L_e^2}{8} + \frac{W_{KEL} L_e}{4}$$

$$= \frac{29.5 \times 6.78^2}{8} + \frac{37.97 \times 6.78}{4}$$

$$= 102.74 + 39.00$$

$$= 141.74 \text{ kNm / beam}$$

$$341.4 \text{ kNm / beam}$$

Total assessment moment

$$M_{ASS} = 67.0 + 141.74 = 208.74 \text{ kNm / beam}$$

$$54.3 + 244 = 298.7 \text{ kNm / beam}$$

$$196 \text{ kNm / beam}$$

GRAMPIAN REGIONAL COUNCIL

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

CALCULATION SHEET

Project CLODDACH (NS202 584)	Calculations By	Checked By		Date	Sheet No. 8 of 13 Sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Element ASSESSMENT.				1.2.96	

BEAM RESISTANCE MOMENTBS 5950: Pt 3
1982nominal yield stress $\sigma_y = 230 \text{ N/mm}^2$

compact section check:

9.3.7.1

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Web: } D &\leq 28 t_w \sqrt{\frac{355}{\sigma_y}} \\ &\leq 28 \times 20 \times \sqrt{\frac{355}{230}} \\ &\leq 695 \text{ mm. } \therefore \text{OK} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Flange: } b_f &\leq 7 t_f \sqrt{\frac{355}{\sigma_y}} \\ b_f &\leq 7 \times 15 \times \sqrt{\frac{355}{230}} \\ &\leq 130 \text{ mm. } \therefore \text{OK} \end{aligned}$$

section is termed compact.

beams continuously restrained by deck.

9.6.6.1

$$\therefore f_e = \infty$$

$$\text{slenderness } \lambda_{LT} = 0$$

9.4.2.

limiting compressive stress.

$$\frac{\sigma_{Li}}{\sigma_{yc}} = 1.0 \quad \therefore \sigma_{Li} = 230 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

9.8.1
Fig 10

$$M_D = \frac{Z_{pc} \sigma_{Ec}}{\gamma_m \gamma_{F3}}$$

$$\text{where } \sigma_{Ec} = \sigma_{Li}$$

9.9.1.2

GRAMPIAN REGIONAL COUNCIL

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS

CALCULATION SHEET

Project	CLODDACH (NS 202 584)	Calculations By	Checked By		Date	Sheet No. 9 of 13 Sheets
			Theory	Arithmetic		
Element	ASSESSMENT				1.2.96	

Plastic Modulus

$$Z = \frac{I}{y}$$

$$\frac{I}{xx} = \frac{160 \times 310^3}{12} - 2 \left[\frac{70 \times 280^3}{12} \right]$$

$$= 397213333 - 256106667$$

$$= 141.11 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4 \checkmark$$

y = 155mm

$$\therefore Z = \frac{141.11 \times 10^6}{155}$$

$$= 91.04 \times 10^4 \text{ mm}^3$$

$$M_D = \frac{91.04 \times 10^4 \times 230 \times 10^{-6} \times F_c}{1.2}$$

$$= \frac{174.49}{1.2} \times 0.8$$

$$= 119.6 \text{ kNm}$$

$$= 126.90 \text{ kNm} < M_{ASS} (208.74 \text{ kNm})$$

∴ Not OK - unsafe

REDUCTION FACTOR FOR HA

resistance moment for live load =

$$\frac{139.6}{1.2} = 116.33 \quad \frac{174.49}{1.2} = 145.41$$

$$\frac{126.90}{1.2} = 105.75 \quad \frac{208.74}{1.2} = 173.95$$

resistance moment for live load

assessment moment for live load

$$= \frac{105.75}{141.74} = 0.746$$

$$= \frac{85.35}{141.74} = 0.602$$

$$= 0.23$$

equivalent to $\frac{I}{I_{min}}$

Department of Roads

DESIGN SHEET

Scheme <u>CLODDACH (NS 202 584)</u>	Designed By [Redacted]	Checked By		Date 1.2.96	Sheet No. 12, of 13 sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Structure <u>ASSESSMENT</u>					

SINGLE WHEEL LOADS.

for $K = 0.42$ } 7.5 tonnes.
 $L_c = 6.78m$ } Group 2 FE

maximum nominal single wheel load = 60kN.
 assume effective pressure = 1.1 N/mm²

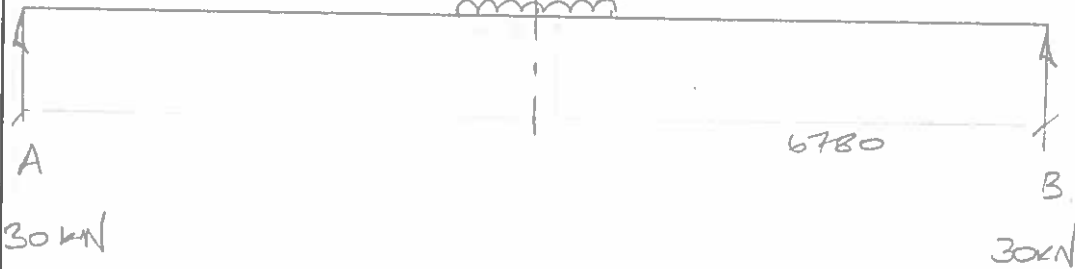
\therefore Area = $\frac{60000}{1.1} = 234 \times 234$ mm

load distribution: thro' blacktop 1:2.
 thro' concrete 1:1

to NA of beam
 $= 234 + 100 + 630 = 964$ mm

Design load

$= \frac{60000}{964} = 62.2$ kN/m



$M_{MAX} = + (30 \times \frac{6.78}{2}) - (\frac{62.2}{2} \times \frac{0.234}{2} \times \frac{0.234}{4})$

$= 101.7 - (0.43)$

$= 101.3$ kNm > 85.25

$\therefore M_{MAX} < M_D (126.9 \text{ kNm})$

\therefore beam OK for single wheel load.
 for Grp 1 FE

5.27
 TABLE 5/4

5.28

6.7

for 3 rough
 wheel load
 $= 25$ kN

\therefore then $= 151$ max kN/m
 $= 691$ mm

\therefore design load
 $= 36.2$ kN/m.

$M_{max} = (125 \times \frac{6.777}{2}) - (36.2 \times \frac{0.234}{2} \times \frac{0.234}{4})$

$= 42.2$ kNm

\therefore OK

Department of Roads

DESIGN SHEET

Scheme <u>CLISSDACH (NS 202 584)</u>	Designed By [REDACTED]	Checked By		Date 1.2.96	Sheet No. 11. of 13 sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Structure <u>ASSESSMENT</u>					

for $K = 0.54$ } 7.5 tonnes.
 $L_e = 6.78m$ } Group 2 FE

Fig 5/2

NOMINAL ACCIDENTAL WHEEL LOADS.

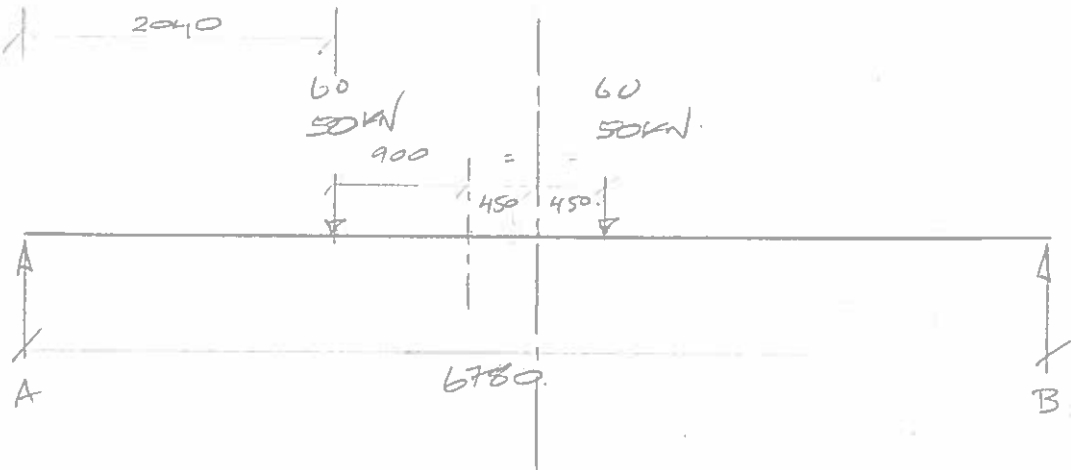
Table 5/5

for above two groups

7.5 tonnes = $W_1 = 50kN$ ✓

2 FE = $W_2 = 30kN$

~~for 3
1 axle of
50kN.
25 25.~~



$\sum M_A = 0 +$ $0 = +(2.04 \times 50) + (3.84 \times 50) - (6.78 B)$

$\Leftrightarrow B = \frac{102 + 192}{6.78}$

$= 43.36 kN$

$\therefore A = 100 - 43.36 = 56.64 kN.$

~~21.7 kN~~

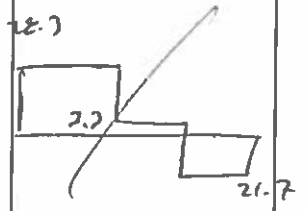
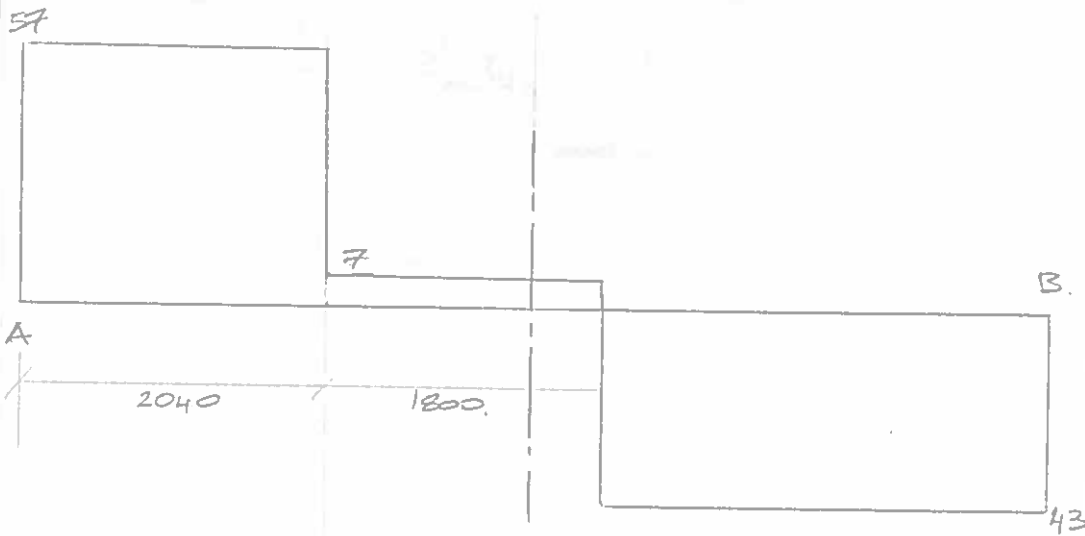
~~28.3 kN~~

Department of Roads

DESIGN SHEET

Scheme CLODDACH (NS 202 584)	Designed By	Checked By		Date	Sheet No. 2 of 13 sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Structure ASSESSMENT				1.2.96	

SF Diagram:



$$M_{MAX} = (57 \times 2.04) + (7 \times 1.8) = 116.28 + 12.6 = 128.88 \text{ kNm} < M_D (142.76)$$

∴ OK Bridge OK for accidental wheel loading.

SHEAR CHECK - assessment shear.

Shear due to dead load.

$$V_{DL} = \frac{11.66 \times 6.777}{2} = 39.51 \text{ kN}$$

Shear due to live load.

$$V_{LL} = \frac{17.88 \times 6.777}{2} + 23.01 = 83.6 \text{ kN}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 39.51 + 83.6 = 123.11 \text{ kN}$$

$$154.75$$

$$63.67 < 85.35$$

∴ OK
 Fails 7 1/2 T
 OK for 3 T
 & Grp 2 RE.

$$\frac{9.45 \times 6.777}{2} = 32.02$$

$$\frac{26.1 \times 6.777}{2} + 33.6 = 112.04$$

$$= 151.06 \text{ kN}$$

Department of Roads

DESIGN SHEET

Scheme CLODDACH	Designed By [REDACTED]	Checked By		Date 5.2.96	Sheet No. 13 of 13 sheets
		Theory	Arithmetic		
Structure ASSESSMENT					

Shear resistance.

$$V_D = \left[\frac{t_w (d_w - \lambda)}{\gamma_m \gamma_{f3}} \right] \tau_{L2}$$

in loading

$$= \frac{t_w d_w}{\gamma_m} \tau_{L2}$$

$$t_w = 10 \quad = \frac{10 \times 310}{1.2} \tau_{L2}$$

$$d_w = 310$$

$$\gamma_m = 1.2 \quad = 2583.33 \tau_{L2}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{d_{we}}{t_w} \sqrt{\frac{\sigma_{yw}}{355}}$$

$$= \frac{305 - (2 \times 15)}{10} \sqrt{\frac{230}{355}}$$

$$= 22.14$$

$$\frac{\tau_{L1}}{\tau_{L2}} = 1.0$$

$$\therefore \tau_{L1} = \tau_{L2} = \frac{\sigma_{yw}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{230}{\sqrt{3}} = 132.8 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\therefore V_D = 2583.33 \times 132.8 \times 10^{-3} = 343.07 \text{ kN} > V_{Ass} (123.11 \text{ kN})$$

9.9.2.1.

Fig 11-17.



VIEW LOOKING EAST



VIEW LOOKING NORTH



CORRODED EDGE BEAM



BRIDGE PIERS AND DECK



DAMAGED PILASTER



AS ABOVE



SPALLING OF CONCRETE ON PIER



SEATING ANGLE



JACK ARCH SOFFIT



AS ABOVE

ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

BRIDGE NAME: CLODDACH
ROUTE No: C2E
STRUCTURE REFERENCE No: C2E/20
GRID REFERENCE: NJ 202 584
COUNCIL: THE MORAY COUNCIL

DOCUMENTS IN ASSESSMENT FOLDER		
DATE	WHO	WHAT
6/2/96	[REDACTED]	Assessment Calculations
		Photographs & Negatives.

SUMMARY OF ASSESSMENT		
DATE	WHO	SUMMARY DETAILS - ASSESSED LOAD(S), CRITICAL PART(S), TECH MEMO, + COMMENT
6/2/96	[REDACTED]	7 1/2 Tonne + Group I.F.E. Loading — Steel Beams Critical.